

Laboratorium 10

1. Korelacja Pearsona, korelacja Spearmana, kopuła i kopułowy test niezależności

Z danych archiwalnych o dziennej temperaturze wylosowano 100 obserwacji (Dzień, Temperatura). Czy temperatura zależy od numeru dnia w roku? Obliczyć korelację Pearsona i Spearmana, narysować estymator kopuły oraz przeprowadzić odpowiednie testy niezależności. (dane w pliku **Baza 10.1**).

```
library(readxl)
```

```
Baza<- read_excel("Baza 10.1.xlsx")
```

```
X<-Baza$"Dzień"
```

```
Y<-Baza$"Temperatura"
```

```
n<-length(X)
```

```
plot(X,Y)
```

```
cor.test(X,Y)
```

```
abline(lm(Y ~ X))
```

```
R<-rank(X,ties.method = "random")
```

```
S<-rank(Y,ties.method = "random")
```

```
plot(R,S)
```

```
abline(lm(S ~ R))
```

```
r<-1-6*sum((R-S)^2)/(n*(n^2-1))
```

```
r
```

```
mc<-10000
```

```
rMC<-c()
```

```
for (k in 1:mc)
```

```
{
```

```
  XMC <- runif(n,0,1)
```

```
  YMC <- runif(n,0,1)
```

```
  RMC<-rank(XMC,ties.method = "random")
```

```
  SMC<-rank(YMC,ties.method = "random")
```

```
  rMC[k]<-1-6*sum((RMC-SMC)^2)/(n*(n^2-1))
```

```
}
```

```
pr<-0
```

```
for (j in 1:mc)
```

```
{
```

```
  if(abs(rMC[j])>abs(r)){ pr = pr +1 }
```

```
}
```

```
pr=pr/mc
```

```
pr
```

```
Z<-cbind(R,S)
```

```
Z=Z[order(Z[,1],decreasing=FALSE),]
```

```
u<-c()
```

```
v<-c()
```

```
R<-Z[,1]
```

```
S<-Z[,2]
```

```
for (i in 1:(n+1))
```

```
{
```

```
u[i]=(i-1/2)/(n+1)
```

```
v[i]=(i-1/2)/(n+1)
```

```
}
```

```
C<- matrix(0,nrow=n+1,ncol=n+1)
```

```
for (j in 1:(n+1))
```

```
{
```

```
C[j,1]=0
```

```
}
```

```
for (i in 1:n)
```

```
{
```

```
for (j in 1:(n+1))
```

```
{
```

```
if(j-1<S[i]) {C[j,i+1]=C[j,i]}
```

```
else {C[j,i+1]=C[j,i]+1/n}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
for (i in 1:(n+1))
```

```
{
```

```
for (j in 1:(n+1))
```

```
{
```

```
C[j,i]=C[j,i]-u[i]*v[j]
```

```
 }  
 }
```

```
 heatmap(C,Rowv=NA,Colv=NA,scale="none")
```

```
 CKS<-max(abs(C))
```

```
 CKS
```

```
 mc<-10000
```

```
 CKSMC<-c()
```

```
 for (k in 1:mc)
```

```
{
```

```
 XMC <- runif(n,0,1)
```

```
 YMC <- runif(n,0,1)
```

```
 RMC<-rank(XMC,ties.method = "random")
```

```
 SMC<-rank(YMC,ties.method = "random")
```

```
 ZMC<-cbind(RMC,SMC)
```

```
 ZMC=ZMC[order(ZMC[,1],decreasing=FALSE),]
```

```
 SMC<-ZMC[,2]
```

```
 CMC<- matrix(0,nrow=n+1,ncol=n+1)
```

```
 for (j in 1:(n+1))
```

```
{
```

```
 CMC[j,1]=0
```

```
}
```

```
 for (i in 1:n)
```

```
{
```

```
 for (j in 1:(n+1))
```

```
{
```

```
 if(j-1<SMC[i]) {CMC[j,i+1]=CMC[j,i]}
```

```
 else {CMC[j,i+1]=CMC[j,i]+1/n}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
 for (i in 1:(n+1))
```

```
{
```

```
for (j in 1:(n+1))  
{  
  CMC[j,i]=CMC[j,i]-u[i]*v[j]  
}  
}  
CKSMC[k]<-max(abs(CMC))  
}  
pCKS<-0  
for (j in 1:mc)  
{  
  if(abs(CKSMC[j])>abs(CKS)){ pCKS = pCKS +1}  
}  
pCKS=pCKS/mc  
pCKS  
  
plot(ecdf(CKSMC))  
CKS
```